Workshop on Sustainable Electricity Access in Pacific Island Countries: From Targets to Implementation

| Thursday 29th August, 2019 |
| Karunesh Rao | Corporate Affairs & Communications Manager | Energy Fiji Limited |
Presentation Outline

- FEA to EFL
- Vision, Mission & Values
- Strategic Objectives
- EFL Power Infrastructure Map
- Strategic Assets & Sales Statistics
- Demand Supply Statistics
- Total Asset Values
- Where are we now with our Generation Mix?
- Ageing Assets Replacement & Refurbishment
- Government Funded Rural Electrification Program
- Non Commercial Obligation Cost
- Power Development Plan (PDP)
- Renewable Energy Development Projects up to 2026
- Funding the Power Development Plan
- Electricity Tariffs
- Workshop Objectives
- Video Presentation
- Discussions
Fiji Electricity Authority to Energy Fiji Limited

- FEA was established in 1966 under the Electricity Act with the basic function to provide and maintain a power supply that is **financially viable, economically sound and consistent with the required standards of safety, security and quality of power supply**.

- FEA was Corporatized from a Commercial Statutory Authority to a Limited Liability Company on 16th April, 2018 and now is known as Energy Fiji Limited (EFL).

- EFL is a limited liability company with 75% ownership by the Fijian Government. Out of the 100%, the Fijian Government has allocated 5% for domestic customers of EFL who are Fiji citizens and are resident in Fiji and 20% sold to FNPF. Some 35,759 Share Certificates have already been issued as at 30th November, 2018 which amounts to 1.39% out of the 5%. Furthermore, the Fijian Governments partial divestment will see the sale of another 24% of EFL to a strategic investor(s).

- EFL is responsible for the generation, transmission and retail of electricity in the larger islands of – Viti Levu, Vanua Levu, Ovalau & Taveuni, which account for approximately 90% of the country’s population.

- Uniform tariff rates charged for electricity used by each consumer group, determined by the Fijian Competition & Consumer Commission (FCCC) in consultation with Government

- The EFL Board of Directors consists of 6 members (3 – private sector), Public sector representation – PS MITDMMS, Ministry of Economy Rep & CEO
VISION
Energising our Nation

MISSION
“We aim to provide clean and affordable energy solutions to Fiji with at least 90% of the energy requirements through renewable sources by 2025”

VALUES
1. Customer Focus
2. Honesty
3. Courage to do what’s right for EFL
4. Team Work
5. Individual Accountability
6. Transparency
7. Innovativeness
VISION
‘Energising our Nation’

MISSION
“We aim to provide clean and affordable energy solutions to Fiji with at least 90% of the energy requirements through renewable sources by 2025’

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power Lines</th>
<th>Total (km)</th>
<th>Overhead (km)</th>
<th>Underground (km)</th>
<th>Onshore (km)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>132kV Line</td>
<td>10,187.43</td>
<td>9,360.62</td>
<td>836.81</td>
<td>86.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proposed 132kV Line</td>
<td>567.46</td>
<td>33.34</td>
<td>534.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33kV Line</td>
<td>1,850.43</td>
<td>1,690.22</td>
<td>260.21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proposed 33kV Line</td>
<td>37.72</td>
<td>37.72</td>
<td>37.72</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11kV Line Coverage</td>
<td>205.22</td>
<td>205.22</td>
<td>205.22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proposed 11kV Line</td>
<td>21.00</td>
<td>21.00</td>
<td>21.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3kV Line Coverage</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total (km)</td>
<td>12,216.43</td>
<td>10,834.06</td>
<td>1,382.36</td>
<td>118.42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EFL POWER SYSTEM LEGEND
- Red: Diesel Power Station
- Blue: Hydro Power Station
- Orange: 132kV Substation
- Yellow: 33kV Substation
- Green: Bunker/Wind Farm
- Brown: Biomass/IPP Power Station
- Black: VTA Repeater Station

SCALE: 1:500,000
Strategic Assets

Renewable Power Stations
- Monasavu Hydro Electric Scheme **
- Wainikasou Hydro Power Station
- Nadarivatu Hydro Electric Scheme **
- Butoni Windfarm
- Nagado Hydro Electric Scheme
- Wainiqeu Hydro Electric Scheme
- Somosomo Hydro Scheme

Control Centre
- Vuda National Control Centre

Zone Substations
- Viti Levu – 37
- Vanua Levu – 4
- Ovalau/Levuka – 1
- Taveuni - 1

Thermal Power Stations
- Kinoya Old**
- Kinoya New **
- Vuda **
- Labasa
- Ovalau
- Rakiraki
- Nadi
- Sigatoka
- Savusavu
- Rokobili
- Deuba
- Korovou
- Qeleloa
- Taveuni

** High Asset Values
Strategic Assets & Sales Statistics

- EFL has some 10,651km of power network (as at 31st December, 2018)
- Total towers & poles – 99,306 (as at 31st December, 2017)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line Type</th>
<th>Route (km)</th>
<th>Towers/Poles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transmission Line 132kV</td>
<td>147.2km</td>
<td>383 Steel Towers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-transmission 33kV</td>
<td>534.86km</td>
<td>5,062 poles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Distribution 11kV &amp; 415V/240V</td>
<td>9,969km</td>
<td>93,861 poles</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Sales Statistics

- 2015 – 914.39GWh with revenue of $321.87M | Before tax profit of $45.3M
- 2016 – 934.21GWh with revenue of $328.38M | Before tax profit of $74.7M
- 2017 – 1,007.71GWh with revenue of $351.15M | Before tax profit of $84.2M
- 2018 – 1,032.95GWh with revenue of $367.23M | Before tax profit of $79.8M
- Commercial & Industrial Customers contribute to 74.40% of EFL’s Total Revenue
Demand Supply Statistics

- **Consumer Growth** – Last 8 years average growth rate is around 2.97%
- **Currently stands at 195,430 (31st July, 2019) – 32,729 or 17% Pre Paid**

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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Customer Numbers</td>
<td>150,724</td>
<td>155,912</td>
<td>159,017</td>
<td>162,656</td>
<td>167,017</td>
<td>171,939</td>
<td>174,530</td>
<td>182,439</td>
<td>194,404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Growth</td>
<td>3.44%</td>
<td>1.99%</td>
<td>2.29%</td>
<td>2.68%</td>
<td>2.95%</td>
<td>1.51%</td>
<td>4.53%</td>
<td>4.37%</td>
<td></td>
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- **2018 Peak Demand, Installed & Available Capacity (Renewable & Thermal)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Individual Systems</th>
<th>Peak Demand (MW)</th>
<th>Installed Thermal (MW)</th>
<th>Available Thermal (MW)</th>
<th>Installed Renewable (MW)</th>
<th>Available Renewable (MW)</th>
<th>Total Available Generation Capacity (MW)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Viti Levu</td>
<td>171.57</td>
<td>140.90</td>
<td>126.91</td>
<td>146.5</td>
<td>125.18</td>
<td>252.085</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labasa</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>15.50</td>
<td>11.10</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>11.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savusavu</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>4.50</td>
<td>3.70</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td>0.80</td>
<td>4.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ovalau</td>
<td>1.8</td>
<td>2.80</td>
<td>2.30</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taveuni</td>
<td>0.38</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>1.60</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>0.70</td>
<td>2.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>183.65</strong></td>
<td><strong>165.70</strong></td>
<td><strong>145.61</strong></td>
<td><strong>148.00</strong></td>
<td><strong>126.68</strong></td>
<td><strong>272.29</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Fiji Sugar Corporation supplies during the crushing season only in Labasa & Lautoka
- Tropik Wood supply has been erratic over the last few years due to operational issues
- Nabou Green Energy Limited started exporting to the grid from late July, 2017
Where Are We Now with our Power Generation Mix?

**EFL Renewable Power Stations**

- **Monasavu Hydro Electric Scheme** – 72MW with anticipated generation of 400GWh/annum
- **Nadarivatu Hydro Electric Scheme** – 44MW with anticipated generation of 101GWh/annum
- **Butoni Wind Farm** – 9.9MW with anticipated generation of 5GWh/annum
- **Wainikasou Hydro Electric Scheme** – 6.6MW with anticipated generation of 26GWh/annum
- **Nagado Hydro Electric Scheme** – 2.8MW with anticipated generation of 12GWh/annum
- **Wainiqueu Hydro Electric Scheme** – 0.8MW with anticipated generation of 2GWh/annum
- **Somosomo Hydro Electric Scheme** – 0.7MW with anticipated generation of 2GWh/annum
Ageing Assets Replacement & Refurbishment

- EFL has ageing assets that needs urgent replacement & refurbishment which would cost around $150M and is expected to be completed by 2025. This exercise commenced in 2017.

- Monasavu Hydroelectric Scheme Half Life Refurbishment commenced in 2013 and to date some $60M has been spent. This exercise will take another 5 years to complete and will cost another $50M.
Rural Electrification Program Funded by the Government

- The Fijian Government has an aim to ensure 100% access to basic electricity for all Fijians by 2021.

- With the Government increasing its budget allocation towards Rural Electrification over the last three (3) years, EFL has also increased its resources internally as well as increased the number of external electrical contractors who can be deployed for the timely construction of these rural electrification schemes. A summary of the rural electrification schemes implemented by EFL from 2015 to 2018 is tabulated below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2015</th>
<th>2016</th>
<th>2017</th>
<th>2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total funds spent on Rural Electrification</strong></td>
<td>$6.3M Govt &amp; EFL contributed towards these schemes</td>
<td>$2.5M</td>
<td>$10.2M</td>
<td>$11.92M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total RE Schemes Completed</strong></td>
<td>55</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Households Connected</strong></td>
<td>2,324</td>
<td>796</td>
<td>3,328</td>
<td>2,600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Schemes for 2018/19 – 170 schemes
Power Development Plan (PDP)

- EFL reviews its 10 year Power Development Plan (PDP) every 2 years.
- The ten (10) year power development plan contains the load forecasting and power generation planning scenarios up to 2026 for Viti Levu, Vanua Levu, Ovalau and Taveuni Power Systems with associated network assets to be augmented/developed and the investment plan required to implement this 10 year Power Development Plan.
- It is estimated that the total funding to execute the 10 year Power Development Plan will require an investment of around FJ$2.4B.
- F$1.6B will be required for the development of power generation projects and around $0.8B investment will be required in the transmission & distribution power network sector.
- EFL expects the private sector to invest in the Power Generation Sector as Independent Power Producers (IPP).
- Discussions with prospective IPPs to develop various Renewable Energy technologies. i.e. Biomass/Waste to Energy Projects, Solar Projects & Hydro Projects are ongoing.
Renewable Energy Projects up to 2026

Operational Renewable Energy Plants

- Biomass
  - TWIL supplies up to 5MW which equates to 12-15M units/annum of electricity
  - FSC supplies energy to the EFL grid during the crushing season from their Lautoka & Labasa Sugar Mills
  - Nabou Green Energy Limited has a 10MW plant and started feeding into the EFL grid since July, 2017
- Solar – surplus energy from solar roof-top installations are fed into the EFL grid at an agreed upon price between EFL & the individual customers – (156 customers)

EFL has plans to develop the following renewable energy schemes:

- Biomass – Waste to Energy Plant in Central Viti Levu
- Solar – 4 x 5MW in partnership with the Private Sector or on its own (Sigatoka to Rakiraki corridor)
- Hydro – Upper Wailoa/Qaliwana Diversion Project & the Lower Ba Project
  - Presently EIB is carrying out full feasibility studies for these two projects via grant aid

Private Sector Participation - Independent Power Producer (IPP)

- 3 Hydros in Namosi with a total capacity of 32MW and anticipated total energy output of 120M units/annum. PPA signed in December, 2017, land acquisition almost complete for 2 projects.
Funding the Power Development Plan (PDP)

- EFL needs to ensure economic viability to fund the implementation of the PDP.

- Successful implementation of the PDP requires appropriate Electricity Tariff Structure.

- Private Sector Participation in the Power Generation Sector depends on the Feed-in Tariff that EFL is prepared to pay them, in order to ensure a ‘win-win’ situation for both parties.
Electricity Tariffs

Fiji has the lowest electricity tariff rate in the South Pacific including some parts of Australia & New Zealand.

Current average electricity tariff rate of 37.4 c/u (VEP) is not adequate to fund the total investment of $2.4B required for the 10 year Power Development Plan.

Electricity tariff was last reviewed upwards in early 2011 and thereafter decreased by 5% from January, 2013. An appropriate tariff rate will contribute towards the financial sustainability of EFL and implementation of the PDP.
Workshop Objectives - Collaborative initiatives at Regional & National levels:

- **Training and Capacity Building**
  - Setup of a Regional Centre for Research, Development & Training

- **Grid Integration of Renewable Energy (RE)**
  - Aim to attract IPP’s to provide cost effective, sustainable, uninterruptable, renewable energy solutions

- **Utility Management with High Renewable Energy Penetration**
  - The challenges of grid stability & safety

- **Role for the Private Sector**
  - Projects need to be financially viable

- **Off-grid access**
  - Need to build capacity

- **Energy Efficiency and other distributed Energy Resources**
  - PICs need guidance on standards and policing

- **Electrifying Transportation**
  - Studies currently underway in Fiji

- **Opportunities for collaboration and support for such initiatives**
  - None of the above can be achieved within collaboration and support